# Annual Deer Population Report \& 2024-25 Antlerless License Allocation Recommendations 



April 12, 2024

Pennsylvania Game Commission<br>Bureau of Wildlife Management<br>Deer and Elk Section

Summary of 2024-25 Antlerless Allocations to Achieve Deer Plan Goals
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\begin{array}{clllll}\hline & \text { Population } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Deer Plan } \\
\text { Population } \\
\text { Objective }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { 2023-24 } \\
\text { Allocation }\end{array}
$$ \& 2024-25 <br>

Allocation\end{array}\right]\)| WMU |
| :--- |

Data presented in this report represent collaborative efforts between the U.S. Forest Service, Pennsylvania's Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, the Pennsylvania Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit at Penn State University, Responsive Management, and the Game Commission's bureaus of Information and Education, Wildlife Habitat Management, and Wildlife Management. For more information on the deer management program and data and methods used to assess progress towards management goals, visit the Game Commission's website, www.pgc.pa.gov, to find the "2009-2018 White-tailed Deer Management Plan".

## Deer Management Goals

Deer management goals direct Game Commission staff in formulating deer management recommendations. Current management goals that directly affect antlerless allocations are to manage deer for healthy deer, healthy forest habitat, and acceptable levels of deer-human conflicts. These goals were identified by a group of public stakeholders in 2002 and continue to be supported by a clear majority of Pennsylvania citizens and hunters (Figure 1).


Figure 1. Percent of respondents that agree with deer management goals. The public values come from a citizen survey completed by Responsive Management in 2012 (link), and the hunter values come from the most recent deer hunter survey completed by the Deer and Elk Section and Bureau of Wildlife Management in 2020 (link), with results similar to previous deer hunter surveys in 2011 (link), 2014 (link), and 2017 (link). Survey results for the 2023 hunter survey are pending.

## Step-by-Step Deer Management Recommendation Guide

The deer management program considers data for each goal to arrive at a deer population recommendation in a defined process (see pages 7 and 8 ). This process has been revised as new data are incorporated into the program and will continue to evolve as more data and understanding are gained. Decision points (i.e., fawn to doe ratio declining?) are based on published protocols from the wildlife and forestry professions.

## Do PA residents want fewer or more deer?

This question is answered using results of the most-recent survey conducted by Responsive Management of Pennsylvania residents (2023). If most surveyed residents in a WMU want less deer, the recommendation would be to reduce the deer population. If the deer health goal is met, forest habitat is good, and WMU residents want more deer, the recommendation would be to increase the deer population.

## Is CWD present in free-ranging deer?

This question is answered using results from the thousands of deer tested annually for chronic wasting disease (CWD). If CWD is present in free-ranging deer, then management recommendations are to stabilize or reduce WMU populations. Additional antlerless deer can be removed using Deer Management Assistance Program permits in accordance with the CWD response plan. Increasing the antlerless harvest serves 2 purposes that are important to efforts to contain CWD; (1) increased antlerless harvest removes more deer from the population and allows the Game Commission to test more deer in our efforts to obtain the best information on the extent of the disease, and (2) increased antlerless harvest can reduce deer populations and spread of CWD.

## Is fawn to doe ratio declining?

This question is answered using results from the age structure of the antlerless harvest. These data are collected each year by trained Game Commission deer agers from across the state. If the proportion of fawns in the antlerless harvest (hereafter referred to as fawn to doe ratio) is declining and the population is not achieving its objective (i.e., population is declining and objective is to maintain a stable deer population), then the antlerless allocation would be reduced to stop the population decline. The antlerless harvest will have the greatest influence on the population because hunting accounts for most deer mortalities in Pennsylvania. If the fawn to doe ratio is stable or if the population is meeting its objective (i.e., population is stable and objective is stable), no management action is taken.

## Has deer population been stable or increasing for 6 years?

This question is answered using results from the Pennsylvania Sex-Age-Kill deer population model and deer harvest indices (i.e., antlered harvest, antlerless catch-per-unit-effort). The 6-year time period is necessary because of the 5-year time period to collect the forest data. The sixth
year is added because only $2^{\text {nd }}$ year seedlings are counted in the forest data. As a result, a complete forest data set includes effects of deer from the previous 6 years.

If the deer population is decreasing the recommendation is to stabilize the population at the lower level to see if forest habitat improves given the lower deer population. If the deer population is stable or increasing, the process continues to the next step.

## Is forest habitat good?

This question is answered using results from the Pennsylvania Regeneration Study. If $70 \%$ of forested plots have adequate regeneration, forest habitat is considered good. If less than $50 \%$ of forested plots have adequate regeneration, forest habitat is considered poor. If $50 \%$ to $70 \%$ of forested plots have adequate regeneration, forest habitat is considered fair.

## Is plot to plot regeneration improving?

This question is answered using results from the Pennsylvania Regeneration Study. In this step, results from individual plots are compared in a paired analysis. For example, plot measurements from 2005 are compared to their remeasured results in 2010 to see if regeneration has improved on individual plots. All plots with 2 measures are included in this analysis. If regeneration is improving, then the deer population trend can be stabilized. If regeneration is not improving, the process continues to the next step.

## Is plot to plot deer impact improving?

This question is answered using results from the Pennsylvania Regeneration Study. In this step, results from assessments of deer impact on a scale from 1 (very low) to 5 (very high) are compared in the same way as the plot to plot regeneration analysis. If deer impact is improving (i.e., going from a 4 [high] to 3 [moderate]) on enough plots, then the deer population trend can be stabilized. If deer impact is not improving, the process continues to the next step.

## Is mean deer impact 3 or less?

This question is answered from the Pennsylvania Regeneration Study. In this step, the mean deer impact for all plots measured in the most recent 5-year period is statistically compared to an objective of 3 (i.e., moderate impact). If deer impact is significantly greater than 3 (moderate), then the deer impact is too high and the deer population should be reduced. If deer impact is less than or not different from 3 (moderate) then the deer population trend can be stabilized.

Guides on pages 7 and 8 are used to develop deer population recommendations based on goals and objectives of deer management plan. Recommendation guide for WMUs 2B, 5C, and 5D differs because of lack of forest data in these highly developed WMUs.


# Deer Management Recommendation Guide 

## FOR WMUs 2B, 5C, and 5D



## Step-by-Step Antlerless License Allocation Calculations

Antlerless allocations are calculated by referring to results from previous seasons. For example, if a population has remained stable with an annual harvest of 3,000 antlerless deer, the same level of harvest would be expected to maintain the stable population. If it has taken 3 antlerless licenses to harvest 1 antlerless deer over the last 3 years, the allocation to stabilize this population would be 3,000 antlerless deer harvested $\times 3$ licenses/antlerless deer harvested $=$ 9,000 antlerless licenses.

The change to sell antlerless licenses online and at vendors instead of through country treasurers' offices in 2023 led to increased convenience, sales, and demand for antlerless licenses. The increased sales led to changes in the licenses/antlerless deer harvested measure used in allocation calculations. Rather than using the 3-year average for antlerless licenses needed to harvest 1 antlerless deer, the 2023-24 value was used for calculations (Table 1). This same approach was used in calculations after the concurrent firearms season was increased from 1 week to 2 weeks in 2021.

Table 1. Antlerless licenses needed to harvest 1 antlerless deer (license/deer) based on historic results for each WMU. Bold values used in calculations.

| WMU | $2021-22$ | $2022-23$ | $2023-24$ | 3-year Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | 3.0 | 3.1 | $\mathbf{3 . 3}$ | 3.2 |
| 1B | 2.6 | 2.2 | $\mathbf{2 . 7}$ | 2.5 |
| 2A | 3.7 | 3.5 | $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ | 3.5 |
| 2B | 4.0 | 3.1 | $\mathbf{3 . 4}$ | 3.5 |
| 2C | 4.3 | 4.0 | $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ | 4.2 |
| 2D | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.6 |
| 2E | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 2F | 3.2 | 3.2 | $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ | 3.3 |
| 2G | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 5.0 |
| 3A | 3.6 | 3.4 | $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ | 3.5 |
| 3B | 4.0 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| 3C | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 3D | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 4A | 4.7 | 4.2 | $\mathbf{6 . 5}$ | 5.1 |
| 4B | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| 4C | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| 4D | 5.4 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 5.2 |
| 4E | 3.6 | 3.4 | $\mathbf{3 . 9}$ | 3.6 |
| 5A | 4.3 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| 5B | 3.5 | 3.7 | $\mathbf{4 . 2}$ | 3.8 |
| 5C | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 4.8 |
| 5D | 4.6 | 4.3 | $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ | 4.4 |

## Trend in Fawn to Doe Ratios, 2018 to 2023

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Decreasing Fawn to Doe Ratio
Stable Fawn to Doe Ratio
Increasing Fawn to Doe Ratio

Bureau of Wildlife Management, Deer and Elk Section April 2024

## Forest Regeneration, 2017 to 2021

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Poor Forest Regeneration Levels
Fair Forest Regeneration Levels
Good Forest Regeneration Levels
(White areas have insufficient data for analysis)


Bureau of Wildlife Management, Deer and Elk Section April 2024

## Plot to Plot Change in Regeneration, 5-year Change

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Declining Regeneration
No Change in Regeneration
Improving Regeneration
(White areas have insufficient data for analysis)

## Deer Impact Level, 2017 to 2021

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


Legend
Deer Impact is Too High (> 3)
Deer Impact is Acceptable (3 or less)
(White areas have insufficient data for analysis)


Bureau of Wildlife Management, Deer and Elk Section April 2024

## Plot to Plot Change in Deer Impact, 5-year Change

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Increasing Deer Impact
No Change in Deer Impact
Improving Deer Impact
(White areas have insufficient data for analysis)

## Post-Hunt Deer Population Trends, 2019 to 2024

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Declining Deer Population
Stable Deer Population
Increasing Deer Population

## Pennsylvania Resident Opinions on Deer Populations, 2023

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


## Legend

Most Residents Say Deer Population Too High
Most Residents Say Deer Population Just Right
Most Residents Say Deer Population Too Low

## Pennsylvania Resident Opinions on Deer Populations

(Supporting data in WMU worksheets, pages 24 to 67)


2011 PA Resident Survey


2019 PA Resident Survey


2023 PA Resident Survey

## Legend

More than 25\% say Deer Population Too High
Less than 25\% say Deer Population Too High and less than 25\% say Too Low
More than $25 \%$ say Deer Population Too Low

Bureau of Wildlife Management, Deer and Elk Section
April 2024

## Deer Hunter Opinions on Deer Populations 2011 vs. 2020



## 2020 Deer Hunter Survey

*Note: data come from general firearms season respondents. When looking at archery season respondents, WMUs $1 B$ and 5D had less than $25 \%$ say Too Low and would be light green.
**Preliminary results from the 2023 Deer Hunter Survey show all WMUs except 5D have more than $25 \%$ of firearms hunters that say the deer population is too low. 5D had less than $25 \%$ say Too Low and would be light green.

## Legend

More than $25 \%$ say Deer Population Too High
Less than 25\% say Deer Population Too High and less than 25\% say Too Low
More than 25\% say Deer Population Too Low

## Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD), as of April 2024



## Legend

WMUs with CWD Detected in Wild Deer
WMUs with No CWD Positive Wild Deer Detected

Bureau of Wildlife Management, Deer and Elk Section April 2023

## 2024-25 Regular Firearms Season and Other Changes

## Extended Antlerless-only Firearms Season for three of the CWD WMUs:

In Wildlife Management Units 4A, 4D and 5A, an extended firearms season for antlerless deer will be held from Jan. 2 to Jan. 20, running concurrently with the final two weeks of the flintlock and late archery seasons within those WMUs. Chronic Wasting Disease is present in these WMUs and extended seasons are being offered to help meet deer harvest goals there. These 3 CWD WMUs didn't meet harvest objectives and didn't sell out until after OTC sales, such that a further increase in allocation alone was unlikely to achieve the needed harvest -- more time would be a more effective way to reach the needed harvests.

## Changes to 1st Round of Antlerless License Sales:

In 2023, a new law took effect that enabled hunters in the 2023-24 license year to purchase antlerless licenses online or anywhere else licenses are sold. Over 300,000 hunters flocked to the system on the first few days of sales causing delays for all. However, many of the WMUs had a history of not selling out until later rounds so hunters had the same chance of getting an antlerless license in most WMUs whether they tried on the first day and dealt with long wait times or purchased days or even weeks later. To help reduce long waits and traffic to the licensing system this year, we have split up the first round of sales. First, when 2024-25 general hunting licenses go on sale to Pennsylvania residents at 8 a.m. on Monday, June 24, antlerless licenses for only three Wildlife Management Units - WMUs 1B, 2G and 3A - will be sold on a first come, first serve basis until the allocation is exhausted. On Thursday, June 27 at 8 a.m., antlerless licenses for the remaining 19 WMUs will go on sale to residents, and they will be guaranteed to get one, as long as they buy before 7 a.m. on Monday, July 8. Only one antlerless license can be purchased in the first round.


## 2023-24 Antlered Deer Harvest Density

(Estimated antlered deer harvested per square mile of area)


## Legend

Less than 2.0 antlered deer harvested per square mile
2.0 to 2.9 antlered deer harvested per square mile
3.0 to 3.9 antlered deer harvested per square mile
4.0 to 5.9 antlered deer harvested per square mile

## Recommendation Guides and Deer Population Datasheets

Recommendation guides (see pages 7 and 8) provide a step-by-step progression through the deer plan goals and measurable objectives to arrive at a deer population recommendation.

Supporting data for these guides are found in the individual WMU datasheets that follow.

## WMU Antlerless Allocation Worksheets

## Example




Antlered and antlerless harvests point estimates will differ from those in news releases. Estimates in news releases are rounded to the nearest 100 or 1,000 based on precision of the estimate.

Antlerless harvests only include deer taken with WMU licenses.


DEER HEALTH: Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$


| vear | Toul |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2088 <br> 2009 <br> 2 | -0.4. |
| ${ }_{2010}^{2009}$ | 0.0.45 |
| 2011 | 0.43 |
| ${ }^{2012}$ | 0.48 |
| ${ }^{2013}$ | ${ }^{0.41}$ |
| 2014 | ${ }_{0}^{0.46}$ |
| ${ }_{2015}^{2015}$ | 0.43 |
| 2017 | 0.50 |
| ${ }^{2018}$ | ${ }^{0.39}$ |
| 2019 | 0.35 <br> 0.35 |
| ${ }_{2021}^{2020}$ | 039 |
| ${ }^{2022}$ | 0.41 |
| 2023 | 0.38 |




## WMU Characteristics (Including CWD DMA)

$\leftarrow$ Antlered Harvest

Deer Population
For information on the proper use and interpretation of deer population estimates, please see the document, "Monitoring deer populations in Pennsylvania" on the white-tailed deer page of the Game Commission's website.

## $\leftarrow$ Fawn to Doe

Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

Regeneration

## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
1A
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $9 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 1,846 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend |
| :--- | :--- |


| Year | Total |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2008 | 34,007 |
| 2009 | 36,152 |
| 2010 | 44,148 |
| 2011 | 41,549 |
| 2012 | 42,420 |
| 2013 | 48,472 |
| 2014 | 55,114 |
| 2015 | 49,169 |
| 2016 | 62,237 |
| 2017 | 65,707 |
| 2018 | 53,244 |
| 2019 | 46,208 |
| 2020 | 51,804 |
| 2021 | 99,568 |
| 2022 | 57,982 |
| 2023 | 73,334 |
| 2024 | 74,488 |



WMU
1A


| FOREST HEALTH |  |  | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change | Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change | Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $69 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $65 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

## DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $16 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| 2019 | $26 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| 2023 | $27 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $11 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize

[^0]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
1B
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 2,115 |

Approximately 5\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)
Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season
POST-HUNT Deer Population
6-yr Trend Stable

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 52,810 |
| 2009 | 58,926 |
| 2010 | 44,469 |
| 2011 | 46,503 |
| 2012 | 51,697 |
| 2013 | 55,713 |
| 2014 | 53,799 |
| 2015 | 47,438 |
| 2016 | 71,669 |
| 2017 | 74,053 |
| 2018 | 81,376 |
| 2019 | 60,756 |
| 2020 | 81,659 |
| 2021 | 95,277 |
| 2022 | 74,887 |
| 2023 | 72,506 |
| 2024 | 81,997 |




| FOREST HEALTH |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change | Mean Deer Impact | Ror less |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $41 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $49 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $51 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $55 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

## DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $11 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| 2019 | $24 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| 2023 | $34 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $7 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize

[^1]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
2A
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \%Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 1,811 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season
6-yr Trend Increasing

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 45,462 |
| 2009 | 50,336 |
| 2010 | 56,286 |
| 2011 | 49,033 |
| 2012 | 68,080 |
| 2013 | 53,996 |
| 2014 | 43,379 |
| 2015 | 30,033 |
| 2016 | 48,723 |
| 2017 | 57,963 |
| 2018 | 46,361 |
| 2019 | 44,587 |
| 2020 | 61,486 |
| 2021 | 72,156 |
| 2022 | 65,676 |
| 2023 | 77,599 |
| 2024 | 78,566 |



WMU
2A


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $47 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $45 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $44 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $42 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $39 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $41 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $41 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $31 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $28 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $34 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020
DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS $\quad$ Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $25 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| 2019 | $28 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| 2023 | $34 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $9 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize Increasing Population Trend
46,000
${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
2B
WMU Characteristics

| $\%$ Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $30 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $0 \%$ | 1,363 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

WMU


| FOREST HEALTH |  | Regeneration Assessment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration | Plot - Plot Deer Impact | Mean Deer Impact |

## Forest data not considered in this developed WMU

DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $32 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| 2019 | $38 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| 2023 | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $5 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize Increasing Population Trend
53,000
${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
wMU
2C
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $10 \%$ | 2,934 |

Approximately 54\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)
Deer Harvest


RED $=7$ day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2008 | 87,046 |
| 2009 | 72,402 |
| 2010 | 62,340 |
| 2011 | 66,729 |
| 2012 | 64,888 |
| 2013 | 61,386 |
| 2014 | 68,683 |
| 2015 | 66,027 |
| 2016 | 83,350 |
| 2017 | 69,034 |
| 2018 | 113,659 |
| 2019 | 86,087 |
| 2020 | 97,246 |
| 2021 | 76,365 |
| 2022 | 73,906 |
| 2023 | 86,600 |
| 2024 | 89,808 |



WMU $2 C$

| DEER HE | : Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$ |  | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 0.50 |  |  |
| 2008 | 0.43 |  |  |  |
| 2009 | 0.43 | 0.45 |  |  |
| 2010 | 0.40 | 0.40 |  |  |
| 2011 | 0.40 |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 0.38 | 0.35 |  |  |
| 2013 | 0.44 | 0.30 |  |  |
| 2014 | 0.42 | 0.30 |  |  |
| 2015 | 0.37 | 0.25 |  |  |
| 2016 | 0.35 | 0.20 |  |  |
| 2017 | 0.37 | 0.20 |  |  |
| 2018 | 0.34 | 0.15 |  |  |
| 2019 | 0.35 |  |  |  |
| 2020 | 0.33 | 0.10 |  |  |
| 2021 | 0.34 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 2022 | 0.36 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 0.35 |  |  |  |


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration Decreasing Plot - Plot Deer Impact Increasing $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact | $>3$ |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $62 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $52 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $13 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| 2019 | $19 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| 2023 | $30 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $16 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD and Forest Impacts)
93,000

[^2]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 2D

WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 2,486 |

Approximately 37\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)

| Deer Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Antlered | Antlerless | Allocation | Lic/Deer ${ }^{1}$ |  | Antlered Harvest Estimate |
| 2005 | 9,975 | 22,054 | 56,000 | 2.5 |  |  |
| 2006 | 10,896 | 20,437 | 56,000 | 2.7 | 16,000 |  |
| 2007 | 9,118 | 18,099 | 56,000 | 3.1 | 14,000 |  |
| 2008 | 9,508 | 15,591 | 56,000 | 3.5 | 14,000 |  |
| 2009 | 9,977 | 15,962 | 56,000 | 3.5 | 12,000 |  |
| 2010 | 11,540 | 18,046 | 50,123 | 2.8 | 12,000 |  |
| 2011 | 11,130 | 19,257 | 60,000 | 3.1 | 10,000 |  |
| 2012 | 13,660 | 20,839 | 62,000 | 3.0 | 10,000 |  |
| 2013 | 13,704 | 21,614 | 61,000 | 2.8 | 8,000 |  |
| 2014 | 11,417 | 16,441 | 61,000 | 3.7 | 8,000 |  |
| 2015 | 12,292 | 15,728 | 55,000 | 3.5 | 6,000 |  |
| 2016 | 12,843 | 16,447 | 55,000 | 3.3 | 6,000 |  |
| 2017 | 14,716 | 17,033 | 55,000 | 3.2 | 4,000 | $F$ |
| 2018 | 11,847 | 20,345 | 63,000 | 3.1 | 4,000 |  |
| 2019 | 12,971 | 17,472 | 66,000 | 3.8 | 2,000 |  |
| 2020 | 12,121 | 18,726 | 60,000 | 3.2 |  |  |
| 2021 | 11,486 | 19,908 | 74,000 | 3.7 | - | $\square$ |
| 2022 | 13,912 | 23,029 | 74,000 | 3.2 |  | जि जे जे जे जि जे जे जै |
| 2023 | 11,769 | 21,421 | 86,000 | 4.0 |  |  |

RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend |
| :--- | :--- |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2008 | 69,732 |
| 2009 | 88,666 |
| 2010 | 86,493 |
| 2011 | 101,182 |
| 2012 | 102,440 |
| 2013 | 113,774 |
| 2014 | 144,084 |
| 2015 | 110,214 |
| 2016 | 117,823 |
| 2017 | 112,499 |
| 2018 | 140,281 |
| 2019 | 105,280 |
| 2020 | 114,679 |
| 2021 | 93,498 |
| 2022 | 99,753 |
| 2023 | 107,353 |
| 2024 | 92,979 |



WMU 2D


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Poor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $51 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $49 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $45 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $44 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $41 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $45 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $36 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

## DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $23 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| 2019 | $26 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| 2023 | $30 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $16 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD) 102,000

[^3]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
2E
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 1,427 |
| Approximately $70 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024) |  |  |  |  |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 32,623 |
| 2009 | 42,709 |
| 2010 | 38,317 |
| 2011 | 38,134 |
| 2012 | 30,384 |
| 2013 | 44,546 |
| 2014 | 45,529 |
| 2015 | 50,549 |
| 2016 | 43,081 |
| 2017 | 43,144 |
| 2018 | 56,635 |
| 2019 | 47,171 |
| 2020 | 62,753 |
| 2021 | 52,578 |
| 2022 | 54,143 |
| 2023 | 56,405 |
| 2024 | 55,564 |



WMU


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $47 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $54 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $13 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| 2019 | $20 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| 2023 | $27 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $21 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)
54,000
${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
WMU
$2 F$
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $56 \%$ | 2,409 |

Approximately $17 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)

## Deer Harvest



RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2008 | 47,288 |
| 2009 | 67,724 |
| 2010 | 46,887 |
| 2011 | 70,765 |
| 2012 | 53,210 |
| 2013 | 83,063 |
| 2014 | 65,614 |
| 2015 | 61,020 |
| 2016 | 67,152 |
| 2017 | 74,387 |
| 2018 | 108,575 |
| 2019 | 87,309 |
| 2020 | 98,104 |
| 2021 | 112,840 |
| 2022 | 86,470 |
| 2023 | 83,968 |
| 2024 | 82,787 |



WMU
2F

| DEER HEALTH: Fawn to Doe Ratio |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 0.35 |
| 2009 | 0.34 |
| 2010 | 0.39 |
| 2011 | 0.40 |
| 2012 | 0.39 |
| 2013 | 0.38 |
| 2014 | 0.37 |
| 2015 | 0.34 |
| 2016 | 0.33 |
| 2017 | 0.36 |
| 2018 | 0.37 |
| 2019 | 0.28 |
| 2020 | 0.27 |
| 2021 | 0.31 |
| 2022 | 0.31 |
| 2023 | 0.27 |



| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Good |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $47 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $69 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $71 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $69 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $69 \%$ |

*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020


DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS
Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $10 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| 2019 | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| 2023 | $28 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $15 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)

[^4]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 2G *Note, 2H has been dissolved back into $2 G$
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \%Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) ${ }^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $4 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $57 \%$ | 4,118 |

Approximately 2\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| Deer Population | $6-\mathrm{yr}$ Trend $\quad$ Stable |
| :--- | :--- |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2008 |  |
| 2009 |  |
| 2010 | 53,463 |
| 2011 | 59,992 |
| 2012 | 70,995 |
| 2013 | 73,375 |
| 2014 | 65,850 |
| 2015 | 57,215 |
| 2016 | 80,951 |
| 2017 | 83,646 |
| 2018 | 120,406 |
| 2019 | 74,138 |
| 2020 | 96,260 |
| 2021 | 128,416 |
| 2022 | 98,923 |
| 2023 | 107,504 |
| 2024 | 66,756 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration Decreasing Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2016-20^{*}$ | - |
| $2017-21^{*}$ | $52 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $3 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| 2019 | $13 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| 2023 | $14 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $30 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize

[^5]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

 WMU 3A| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $2 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $10 \%$ | 1,506 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HU | eer Population |  | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 160,000 |  |  |
| 2008 | 32,425 |  |  |  |
| 2009 | 32,513 | 140,000 |  |  |
| 2010 | 31,412 |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 39,532 | 120,000 |  |  |
| 2012 | 31,224 |  |  |  |
| 2013 | 41,358 | 100,000 |  |  |
| 2014 | 45,317 |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 36,181 | 80,000 |  |  |
| 2016 | 49,307 |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 49,426 | 60,000 |  |  |
| 2018 | 55,441 |  |  |  |
| 2019 | 39,832 | 40,000 |  |  |
| 2020 | 54,040 |  |  |  |
| 2021 | 71,376 | 20,000 |  |  |
| 2022 | 55,494 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 59,595 |  |  |  |
| 2024 | 45,870 |  |  |  |

WMU

| DEER HEALTH: Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 6 -yr Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 0.33 |
| 2009 | 0.35 |
| 2010 | 0.42 |
| 2011 | 0.36 |
| 2012 | 0.34 |
| 2013 | 0.36 |
| 2014 | 0.36 |
| 2015 | 0.36 |
| 2016 | 0.27 |
| 2017 | 0.32 |
| 2018 | 0.33 |
| 2019 | 0.32 |
| 2020 | 0.26 |
| 2021 | 0.26 |
| 2022 | 0.29 |
| 2023 | 0.27 |



| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $62 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $69 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $66 \%$ |

*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020


DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS
Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $3 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| 2019 | $18 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| 2023 | $27 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $18 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize
21,000

[^6]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
3B
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $21 \%$ | 2,218 |

Approximately 14\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season
Deer Population $\quad$ 6-yr Trend Stable

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 56,162 |
| 2009 | 46,869 |
| 2010 | 48,895 |
| 2011 | 49,768 |
| 2012 | 58,481 |
| 2013 | 53,709 |
| 2014 | 63,803 |
| 2015 | 55,249 |
| 2016 | 76,808 |
| 2017 | 80,598 |
| 2018 | 76,249 |
| 2019 | 51,976 |
| 2020 | 62,489 |
| 2021 | 90,795 |
| 2022 | 56,589 |
| 2023 | 74,283 |
| 2024 | 57,893 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Good |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |  |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $62 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $62 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $66 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \%Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $7 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| 2019 | $20 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| 2023 | $30 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

## Antlerless Allocation

Objective: Stabilize 34,000

[^7]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 3C

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $4 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 2,187 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 45,511 |
| 2009 | 54,141 |
| 2010 | 65,624 |
| 2011 | 59,245 |
| 2012 | 64,359 |
| 2013 | 67,720 |
| 2014 | 58,925 |
| 2015 | 67,997 |
| 2016 | 83,206 |
| 2017 | 85,083 |
| 2018 | 79,925 |
| 2019 | 57,169 |
| 2020 | 75,360 |
| 2021 | 94,807 |
| 2022 | 61,771 |
| 2023 | 69,345 |
| 2024 | 61,856 |



WMU 3C

DEER HEALTH: Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$
6-yr Trend
Stable

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 0.31 |
| 2009 | 0.35 |
| 2010 | 0.32 |
| 2011 | 0.34 |
| 2012 | 0.32 |
| 2013 | 0.35 |
| 2014 | 0.36 |
| 2015 | 0.34 |
| 2016 | 0.38 |
| 2017 | 0.33 |
| 2018 | 0.32 |
| 2019 | 0.27 |
| 2020 | 0.29 |
| 2021 | 0.26 |
| 2022 | 0.29 |
| 2023 | 0.28 |



| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment |  | Fair |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change | Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $49 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $51 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $51 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $44 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2016-20^{\circ}$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $50 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

## DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $10 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| 2019 | $30 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| 2023 | $28 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $11 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize

[^8]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
WMU 3D

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | $\%$ Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $11 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $16 \%$ | 2,101 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | $6-\mathrm{yr}$ Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 31,623 |
| 2009 | 37,563 |
| 2010 | 25,378 |
| 2011 | 30,250 |
| 2012 | 31,299 |
| 2013 | 29,225 |
| 2014 | 25,127 |
| 2015 | 33,778 |
| 2016 | 28,957 |
| 2017 | 33,302 |
| 2018 | 30,727 |
| 2019 | 33,798 |
| 2020 | 48,663 |
| 2021 | 45,355 |
| 2022 | 32,058 |
| 2023 | 52,788 |
| 2024 | 46,978 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact Increasing $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact | $>3$ |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $53 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020
DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS $\quad$ Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $13 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| 2019 | $30 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| 2023 | $28 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $18 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (Forest Impacts)
41,000
${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 4A

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $4 \%$ | $70 \%$ | 24\% | 15\% | 1,736 |
| $100 \%$ of WMU 4A is within CWD DMA 2 and the Established Area |  |  |  |  |

## Deer Harvest



RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HU | eer Population |  | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 160,000 |  |  |
| 2008 | 47,414 |  |  |  |
| 2009 | 34,628 | 140,000 |  |  |
| 2010 | 30,789 |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 38,125 | 120,000 |  |  |
| 2012 | 49,191 |  |  |  |
| 2013 | 36,579 | 100,000 |  |  |
| 2014 | 42,196 |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 23,772 | 80,000 |  |  |
| 2016 | 48,538 |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 29,746 | 60,000 |  |  |
| 2018 | 39,238 |  |  |  |
| 2019 | 42,174 | 40,000 | - |  |
| 2020 | 47,047 |  |  |  |
| 2021 | 39,911 | 20,000 |  |  |
| 2022 | 35,442 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 19,763 |  |  |  |
| 2024 | 40,589 |  | $\hat{0^{\prime}} \stackrel{o}{ }^{\circ}$ |  |


| DEER HE | Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$ |  | 6-yr Trend | Decreasing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 0.50 |  |  |
| 2008 | 0.34 | 0.50 |  |  |
| 2009 | 0.34 | 0.45 |  |  |
| 2010 | 0.32 | 0.40 |  |  |
| 2011 | 0.38 | 0.40 |  |  |
| 2012 | 0.32 | 0.35 |  |  |
| 2013 | 0.30 |  |  |  |
| 2014 | 0.32 | 0.30 |  |  |
| 2015 | 0.37 | 0.25 |  |  |
| 2016 | 0.29 |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 0.30 | 0.20 |  |  |
| 2018 | 0.30 | 0.15 |  |  |
| 2019 | 0.30 |  |  |  |
| 2020 | 0.29 | 0.10 |  |  |
| 2021 | 0.27 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 2022 | 0.29 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 0.26 |  | $\hat{\rho^{\prime}}$ | $\nu^{\nu} \nu^{2}$ |


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact Increasing $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $68 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $75 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $47 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $4 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| 2019 | $14 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| 2023 | $15 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $30 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)

[^9]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU
4B
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $6 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $15 \%$ | 1,591 |
| $100 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA |  |  |  |  |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | $6-\mathrm{yr}$ Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 30,479 |
| 2009 | 39,044 |
| 2010 | 43,550 |
| 2011 | 37,273 |
| 2012 | 60,340 |
| 2013 | 52,903 |
| 2014 | 50,517 |
| 2015 | 45,362 |
| 2016 | 57,846 |
| 2017 | 55,941 |
| 2018 | 52,407 |
| 2019 | 50,252 |
| 2020 | 54,044 |
| 2021 | 44,691 |
| 2022 | 26,808 |
| 2023 | 43,771 |
| 2024 | 33,100 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact Decreasing $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $68 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $57 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $52 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $6 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| 2019 | $16 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| 2023 | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $27 \%$ |

## Antlerless Allocation

Objective: Reduce (CWD)

[^10]
## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 4C

WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $15 \%$ | 1,717 |

Approximately $22 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)
Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | $6-\mathrm{yr}$ Trend | Stable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 44,569 |
| 2009 | 45,224 |
| 2010 | 44,256 |
| 2011 | 58,091 |
| 2012 | 45,093 |
| 2013 | 45,586 |
| 2014 | 49,072 |
| 2015 | 50,265 |
| 2016 | 55,068 |
| 2017 | 55,311 |
| 2018 | 61,317 |
| 2019 | 55,122 |
| 2020 | 55,238 |
| 2021 | 77,639 |
| 2022 | 52,314 |
| 2023 | 64,683 |
| 2024 | 65,482 |



WMU 4C


| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment |  | Fair |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change | Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $62 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $61 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $59 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $53 \%$ |

*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020


DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $7 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| 2019 | $23 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| 2023 | $20 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $20 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)

[^11]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 4D
WMU Characteristics

| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $28 \%$ | 2,743 |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 43,299 |
| 2009 | 62,529 |
| 2010 | 46,284 |
| 2011 | 73,017 |
| 2012 | 70,495 |
| 2013 | 67,011 |
| 2014 | 61,428 |
| 2015 | 56,905 |
| 2016 | 60,398 |
| 2017 | 63,984 |
| 2018 | 99,997 |
| 2019 | 61,822 |
| 2020 | 71,983 |
| 2021 | 89,963 |
| 2022 | 66,855 |
| 2023 | 67,514 |
| 2024 | 73,767 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment |  | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change $\quad$ Mean Deer Impact | 3 or less |  |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $44 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $43 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $49 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $50 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $52 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $8 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| 2019 | $20 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| 2023 | $13 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $31 \%$ |

## Antlerless Allocation

Objective: Reduce (CWD) 77,000

[^12]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
WMU $\quad 4 E$

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | $\% \mathrm{Ag} /$ Field | $\%$ Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $8 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 1,736 |
| Approximately | $30 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024) |  |  |  |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | $6-\mathrm{yr}$ Trend $\quad$ Stable |
| :--- | :--- |


| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 35,121 |
| 2009 | 37,339 |
| 2010 | 36,311 |
| 2011 | 51,706 |
| 2012 | 44,225 |
| 2013 | 48,318 |
| 2014 | 50,707 |
| 2015 | 59,206 |
| 2016 | 64,923 |
| 2017 | 62,285 |
| 2018 | 70,064 |
| 2019 | 60,055 |
| 2020 | 59,120 |
| 2021 | 77,399 |
| 2022 | 67,325 |
| 2023 | 67,790 |
| 2024 | 63,830 |




| FOREST HEALTH | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration No Change Plot - Plot Deer Impact No Change Mean Deer Impact | $>3$ |


| Year | \% Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $68 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $68 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $56 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $69 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $64 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $49 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $8 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $28 \%$ |
| 2019 | $30 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| 2023 | $22 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $17 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)

[^13]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
WMU 5A

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $14 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $11 \%$ | 1,301 |
| $100 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA |  |  |  |  |

Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| POST-HU | Deer Population |  | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 160,000 |  |  |
| 2008 | 22,602 | 160,000 |  |  |
| 2009 | 20,504 | 140,000 |  |  |
| 2010 | 20,512 |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 21,098 | 120,000 |  |  |
| 2012 | 35,598 | 120,00 |  |  |
| 2013 | 28,014 | 100,000 |  |  |
| 2014 | 29,715 |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 25,032 | 80,000 |  |  |
| 2016 | 20,081 |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 28,581 | 60,000 |  |  |
| 2018 | 33,243 |  |  |  |
| 2019 | 25,162 | 40,000 |  |  |
| 2020 | 49,801 |  |  |  |
| 2021 | 28,772 | 20,000 |  |  |
| 2022 | 20,313 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 21,887 |  |  |  |
| 2024 | 21,325 |  | $\rho^{\hat{\prime}} \nu^{\circ}$ |  |

WMU 5A
DEER HEALTH: Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2} \quad$ 6-yr Trend $\quad$ Stable

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 0.40 |
| 2009 | 0.37 |
| 2010 | 0.43 |
| 2011 | 0.32 |
| 2012 | 0.35 |
| 2013 | 0.38 |
| 2014 | 0.34 |
| 2015 | 0.31 |
| 2016 | 0.33 |
| 2017 | 0.35 |
| 2018 | 0.28 |
| 2019 | 0.28 |
| 2020 | 0.30 |
| 2021 | 0.33 |
| 2022 | 0.30 |
| 2023 | 0.29 |



| FOREST HEALTH |  | Regeneration Assessment | Good |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration | Plot - Plot Deer Impact | - | Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $75 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $74 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $72 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $73 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $72 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $66 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $67 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $75 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $58 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $60 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $65 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $63 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $73 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $5 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| 2019 | $19 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| 2023 | $15 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $18 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Reduce (CWD)
40,000

[^14]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet

WMU 5B

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | $\%$ Public | Area (sq mi) |  |
| $19 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 2,640 |  |

Approximately 39\% of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)
Deer Harvest


RED=7 day concurrent season

| Year | Total |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2008 | 54,020 |
| 2009 | 59,568 |
| 2010 | 53,213 |
| 2011 | 55,951 |
| 2012 | 60,723 |
| 2013 | 75,260 |
| 2014 | 63,591 |
| 2015 | 60,538 |
| 2016 | 66,282 |
| 2017 | 73,573 |
| 2018 | 85,790 |
| 2019 | 77,893 |
| 2020 | 76,623 |
| 2021 | 91,713 |
| 2022 | 62,401 |
| 2023 | 101,325 |
| 2024 | 71,599 |



WMU
5B

| DEER HEA | Fawn to Doe Ratio ${ }^{2}$ |  | 6-yr Trend | Stable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total | 0.50 |  |  |
| 2008 | 0.44 |  |  |  |
| 2009 | 0.42 | 0.45 |  |  |
| 2010 | 0.41 | 0.40 |  |  |
| 2011 | 0.40 |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 0.42 | 0.35 |  |  |
| 2013 | 0.41 | 0.30 |  |  |
| 2014 | 0.40 |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 0.37 | 0.25 |  |  |
| 2016 | 0.37 | 0.20 |  |  |
| 2017 | 0.41 | 0.20 |  |  |
| 2018 | 0.37 | 0.15 |  |  |
| 2019 | 0.33 |  |  |  |
| 2020 | 0.36 | 0.10 |  |  |
| 2021 | 0.35 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 2022 | 0.39 |  |  |  |
| 2023 | 0.33 | 0.00 |  |  |


| FOREST HEALTH |  | Regeneration Assessment | Fair |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration | - | Plot - Plot Deer Impact | - | Mean Deer Impact 3 or less |


| Year | \%Adequate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2003-07$ | $53 \%$ |
| $2004-08$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2005-09$ | $48 \%$ |
| $2006-10$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2007-11$ | $47 \%$ |
| $2008-12$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2009-13$ | $54 \%$ |
| $2010-14$ | $38 \%$ |
| $2011-15$ | $55 \%$ |
| $2012-16$ | $51 \%$ |
| $2013-17$ | $49 \%$ |
| $2014-18$ | $52 \%$ |
| $2015-19$ | $46 \%$ |
| $2016-20$ | - |
| $2017-21$ | $57 \%$ |


*Not available from the U.S. Forest Service for 2020

DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $13 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| 2019 | $19 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| 2023 | $16 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $21 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize

[^15]2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet
WMU 5C

| WMU Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| \% Developed | \% Forest | \%Ag/Field | \%Public | Area (sq mi) |
| $27 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 1,982 |

Approximately $1 \%$ of WMU is within CWD DMA (as of April 2024)


POST-HUNT Deer Population
6-yr Trend
Stable

## WMU

Stable

| Year | Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 0.44 |
| 2009 | 0.47 |
| 2010 | 0.43 |
| 2011 | 0.46 |
| 2012 | 0.49 |
| 2013 | 0.43 |
| 2014 | 0.42 |
| 2015 | 0.40 |
| 2016 | 0.44 |
| 2017 | 0.40 |
| 2018 | 0.38 |
| 2019 | 0.32 |
| 2020 | 0.36 |
| 2021 | 0.37 |
| 2022 | 0.39 |
| 2023 | 0.35 |



| FOREST HEALTH |  | Regeneration Assessment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration | Plot - Plot Deer Impact | Mean Deer Impact |

## Forest data not considered in this developed WMU

DEER-HUMAN CONFLICTS Citizen Survey Results Just Right

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $30 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| 2019 | $33 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| 2023 | $28 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize
79,000
${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

## 2024-25 Pennsylvania Game Commission Antlerless Allocation Worksheet



Deer Harvest

| Year | Antlered | Antlerless | Allocation | Lic/Deer ${ }^{1}$ |  | Antlered Harvest Estimate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 1,460 | 4,166 | 20,000 | 4.5 | 12,000 |  |
| 2006 | 1,315 | 4,074 | 20,000 | 4.7 |  |  |
| 2007 | 977 | 5,185 | 20,000 | 3.8 |  |  |
| 2008 | 1,343 | 4,533 | 22,000 | 4.7 | 10,000 |  |
| 2009 | 1,130 | 3,911 | 22,000 | 5.2 |  |  |
| 2010 | 1,144 | 3,721 | 22,000 | 5.1 | 8,000 |  |
| 2011 | 1,156 | 3,827 | 22,000 | 4.7 | 8,000 |  |
| 2012 | 1,325 | 3,766 | 19,000 | 4.7 |  |  |
| 2013 | 1,589 | 4,483 | 18,000 | 4.0 | 6,000 |  |
| 2014 | 1,317 | 3,788 | 18,000 | 4.7 |  |  |
| 2015* | 2,191 | 5,172 | 24,000 | 4.6 |  |  |
| 2016 | 2,908 | 6,452 | 30,000 | 4.6 | 4,000 |  |
| 2017 | 3,327 | 7,526 | 30,000 | 3.9 |  |  |
| 2018 | 2,631 | 6,001 | 28,000 | 4.6 | 2,000 | $\square-1-$ |
| 2019 | 2,488 | 6,721 | 29,000 | 4.3 |  | $\square \square$ |
| 2020 | 2,164 | 6,479 | 29,000 | 4.4 |  |  |
| 2021 | 2,636 | 6,273 | 29,000 | 4.6 | - | $\cdots, 1+1$ |
| 2022 | 2,525 | 6,693 | 29,000 | 4.3 |  | $\hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}^{3} \text { 部 } \hat{\nu} \text { 诠 } \hat{\nu}$ |
| 2023 | 2,938 | 6,660 | 29,000 | 4.3 |  |  |

* WMU Boundary Change

| POST-HUNT Deer Population | 6-yr Trend |
| :--- | :--- |

Harvest indices (i.e., antlered harvest, antlerless lic/deer), not PASAK model, used to monitor population trend

WMU


| FOREST HEALTH |  | Regeneration Assessment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plot - Plot Regeneration | Plot - Plot Deer Impact | Mean Deer Impact |

Forest data not considered in this developed WMU

| Year | \% Too high | \% Just right | \% Too low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $25 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| 2019 | $33 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| 2023 | $26 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

Antlerless Allocation
Objective: Stabilize
29,000

[^16]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^14]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^15]:    ${ }^{1}$ - The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$-The number of antlerless licenses sold that it takes to harvest an antlerless deer. The number sold will differ from the allocation.
    ${ }^{2}$ - Harvest fawn to doe ratio is calculated as percent of fawns in the antlerless harvest.

